I-TICK NEWSLETTER

SUMMER 2021



I-TICK UPDATES

Thank you for your interest and participation in the I-TICK program!! As we are still in tick season, the I-TICK team wants to first remind everyone to perform tick checks after activities in natural areas!

For those who have been participating in the I-TICK program since 2018 or 2019, you may know that we distributed "tick kits" to "Hubs" throughout Illinois. Due to COVID-19, we have transitioned to focus more on participation via The Tick App to satisfy social distancing protocols. Download The Tick App now to report your tick encounters which will help our research tremendously. With The Tick App, you can learn about how to remove ticks safely, how to identify ticks, and more. Below are just a few great features on The Tick App include:



Daily LogComplete logs to learn about your outdoor habits!

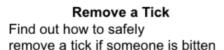


Report a Tick
If you find a tick, you can
report it here.



Tick ActivityFind information on tick activity and nearby tick encounters.







Tick Prevention
Find information on tick safety
and how to prevent tick bites



Tick 101
Find information on how to identify ticks

Participants may still send ticks through the mail. The only difference is we are no longer providing kits to the hubs throughout Illinois. For the new guidelines on how to mail your ticks, please check our FAQ section on our website:

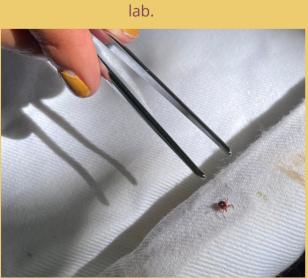
https://vetmed.illinois.edu/i-tick/faqs/.

I-TICK Field Team

Our field team has been working hard this summer dragging and identifying ticks in the lab! We've caught Lone star, Deer, Dog, and most recently, Gulf coast ticks! We also came across our first "tick bombs" of the season during our last drags in sites across Southern Illinois. The bottom right photo is an example of what a tick bomb looks like after it's been lint-rolled. Those tiny reddish-brown specs are actually tick larvae that were collected from our drag!



Some of our team identifying ticks in the



Collecting a female Lone Star tick crawling on a drag.



Dragging at Sibley Pheasant Habitat Area.



Some recently hatched tick larvae on a lint roller. They're so small that we aren't able to grab them with tweezers!

NEWS AND PUBLICATIONS



Dr. Rebecca Smith, Program leader and epidemiologist

We'd like to give a huge congratulations to one of our amazing I-TICK coordinators, Lee Ann Lyons, who is now a DVM, PhD! She successfully defended her thesis earlier this summer and you can read her paper on contributions of passive and active tick collection methods, including findings from the first

year of the I-TICK program, here!

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published a story on ticks, ITick, and The Tick App! In it,
experts, including Program
leader and epidemiologist at
UIUC, Rebecca Lee Smith,
discuss tips on avoiding ticks,
the rise in Lyme disease cases,
and how The Tick App is
helping researchers understand
the prevalence of these blood
suckers. Read the article here.

The Chicago Sun-Times recently



Dr. Lee Ann Lyons. I-TICK coordinator

e, carried by deer ticks and y prevalent on Cape Cod lands, was and discovere te 1970s. More and more are being correctly diagn reated with antibiotics to octeria before it does irrepared

It was a busy summer for Lee Ann because she also did a radio interview with John Landecker on WGN Radio 720! She discusses tick removal tips, a new tick species invading Illinois, and answers callers' questions in this humorous and educational interview.

Listen here.

Right to left: Female Blacklegged tick, American Dog tick and Lone Star tick. (Photo by Getty Images)

I I-TICK



Check for ticks frequently.

Look especially behind knees, armpits, groin, and in hair/behind ears. On dogs, look around the head/ears, belly, tail, and paws. Remove ticks with fine-tipped tweezers and save in a tightly-sealed container.



Dry, then wash.

Remove clothes upon arriving home from outdoor areas and dry on HIGH for 10-15 minutes to kill loose ticks. Ticks can survive the wash.



Save and report any ticks.

The **TickApp** is a free smartphone app to send a photo of your tick and receive relevant information.

For more information check out:

https://thetickapp.org/. Available from Google Play and the AppStore.

How to avoid becoming a meal while hunting for yours

Tick bites can transmit germs that cause illnesses like Lyme disease, Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, or even trigger a red-meat allergy.



Treat gear before you go.

Permethrin (0.5%) is an odorless fabric spray that repels and kills ticks on contact with clothing for up to 4-6 weeks per application as directed.



Use EPA-approved repellent on exposed skin.

Products like 20-30% DEET spray, LipoDEET lotion, picaridin, or IR3535 offer excellent repellency of ticks and other biting pests.



Protect your dog.

Dogs can also get tick-borne illnesses, or bring loose ticks home.

Talk to your vet about an effective tick preventative, and use it whenever outdoors - even in winter.

And finally, we'd like to give a special thank you to our rock stars in Jackson, Sangamon, Cumberland, and Pope Counties! We really appreciate your continuous support and ticks!

Still have questions about I-TICK? Please see our website: https://vetmed.illinois.edu/i-tick/ or email us at itick@vetmed.illinois.edu











